

City and Hackney Direct Access CT for Unintentional Significant Weight Loss (possible malignancy)



Patient presents with symptoms: Age greater than 50 Persistent unexplained significant weight loss with no localising symptoms (document amount of weight loss on request) FBC, LFTs, U&Es (results required if not taken at HUH), bone profile, faecal immunochemical test (FIT) and CXR undertaken prior to CT. **Relevant Risk Factors** Previous history of cancer Alcohol, smoking -Ensure contact Ensure no neck lumps or ENT suspected pathology; neck is details correct not included in the scanning area including mobile number -Inform patient Request CT chest, abdomen and pelvis on tQuest that calls from hospital will appear as private number on their Suspected malignancy No suspicious lesion phone - GP reviews report with -Radiology email GP appropriate treatment or referral for non-malignant -Cancer referrals, GP pathology makes appropriate 2WW referral If no abnormalities are found, suggest to safety net (using CEG cancer referrals and safety netting template), and arrange patient follow-up in 4-6 weeks -Consider Rapid Diagnostic Clinic (RDC) referral if ongoing clinical concerns - found on eRS under 2ww referrals for non-specific symptoms -Note that Standard CT does not Author: Rob Palmer (GP Clinical Lead), Susan Rowe (Consultant Radiologist), exclude cancer, and is not the Paul Kelland (GP Clinical Lead). best investigation to exclude Date: May 2017 bowel, stomach or oesophageal Updated: June 2022 cancer